## TILTOVER THE FILTHY STREETS

\$20,000,000 TO CLEAN MANHATTAN ALONE, SAYS METZ.

comptroller Blames Dr. Darlington for Unnecessarily Scaring the People-Magistrate Whitman Says Graft Is at Bottom of Neglect to Remove Snow and Fifth.

There's no use trying to make the streets New York any cleaner under existing would take not \$2,000,000, which the snowstorms of this season have cost, but not less than \$20,000,000 for Manhattan alone. Anyhon, all this talk of epidemics and diseases to come from the myriads of germs which are said to lurk everywhere is largely the fault of Commissioner Darlington of the Health Department. He's got folks un-

Such was the gist of a speech made last night by Comptroller Metz to 125 members of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospitel at their eighth reunion and dinner at Delmonico's. His address was partly in eply to one by President Charles S. Whitman of the Board of City Magistrates, who said in so many words that graft was at the bottom of the neglect to remove the snew and clean the streets, and he did not see why Commissioner Craven could not what Woodbury and McCartney and

Waring had done. "The trouble," said Magistrate Whitman. "lies in the fact that Craven knows he doesn't have to clean the streets. He's getting paid for it at the rate of \$32,000 an inch for snow removal. Who's getting

The sympathies of the doctors seemed to be with Magistrate Whitman on this

The Magistrate touched on several topics having to do with the city's welfare in the hope, he said, of enlisting the great power the physicians have to cure many of the ills of the social body. He said he had always envied doctors.

had always envied doctors.

"They have the power of burying their mistakes," he said. [Laughter] "I have been asked to speak of the Magistrates' courts. THE NEW YORK SUN has had much to say recently about the Magistrates' courts and I wish I could honestly say that much that THE SUN said was false. But I cannot do that. I wish I could say that much that is said of other departments is untrue. But I cannot. But, gentlemen, the blame is not entirely with the departments. The blame is with the city at large. New York gets just as good government as the people want." ent as the people want."

Magistrate Whitman said no department

is more subject to attempts to influence it than that of the City Magistrates. He said the late Sheriff Thomas J. Dunn once interceded with him for a man who had been convicted of voting six times. "But. Sheriff," I told him, 'the man's

what the hell difference does that

make? Dunn replied.
That was one example. That was a politician, a leader in Tammany Hall. But what do you think of this case? A fellow member of the Bar Association and University Club whose partner was nominated for the Supreme Court bench on the holier than thou ticket last fall came to me one night not long ago in the University Club.

He called my attention to a fine of \$10 "He called my attention to a fine of \$10 which I had imposed on a certain boy for fighting in a street car. He said the boy's perents were very much afraid if that lad ever ran for office, for the Presidency or something, that the reporters would dig up the fact that he had been convicted of a crime. 'Now,' he said, 'the practices are very loose in the Magistrates' courts, aren't they?' I said not in my court if I could help it. 'Well, couldn't that policeman's affidevit against that boy get lost?' he said. 'If it could I'd get a good client.'

"Now, gentlemen," said Magistrate Whitman, raising his voice, "which do you think is the worst in this community? A man like Tom Dunn trying to help out a friend or this high toned silk stockinged Bar Association-University Club member trying to corrupt a judicial officer so he could get a good client? [Applause.]

good client? [Applause.]

"Gentlemen, the trouble is not because Tammany Hall is rotten as it is, but because the rottenness is not confined to Tammany Hall by any means. Take the question of the streets, now a menace to health and an insult to the intelligence of this community. Craven says he can't clean them because he's not got money enough. Well, he's he's not got money enough. Well, he's gettting paid \$32,000 an inch for removing The trouble with Craven is that he knows he doesn't have to remove the snow. He's getting paid for the work. Now I'd like to know who's getting the

I'm glad I got here in time to hear Judge Whitman," said Comptroller Metz. "The acts are that Craven hasn't got money mough. The conditions which he has had to meet this year have been some-thing extraordinary. Why, if he were to clean the streets as the kickers demand would take \$20,000,000 for Manhattan Gentlemen, it can't be done. We've spent \$2,000,000 already on snow this win-ter. The money comes from corporate stock sales and that fools the taxravers But gentlemen, our ancestors flaughter our descendants will have to foot

Comptroller Metz and Dr. Darlington of the Health Department, in his efforts to get more and more money for his appropria-tions, had conjured up much of this fright on account of epidemics on account of the freets. After hearing Commissioner Darington several times he wondered how anyly present had ever lived beyond the age

"Gentlemen," said the Comptroller, money graft is not the worst thing in this city. It's this thing of doing personal favors where you should not and doing where you can't refuse. That's worse than graft. I can mention six men in the City Hall who have been mixed up crooked transactions but I can't get at

The law protects them."

Comptroller spoke of the graft in andemnations. He gave several inserting the state of the Montefore Home. and condemnations nce offered to the city for \$90,000 and refused, had been bought under condemna-tion proceedings "after the grafters got busy" for \$197,000. It was so with the

Carnegie library sites.

"Carnegie gave us the bottle and the label on this library proposition," he said, "and we've got to buy the wine and the

The Comptroller said he had found it raise 300 salaries in the De partment of Finance and he meant to raise He could not see the econof hiring clerks at \$1,200 a year to pass on claims involving millions when these same clerks could buy wine every night and go home in a cab. If they were honest they ould not do it on their salaries, and if dis-onest the city did not want them. He said had more \$5,000 men in his private business than in the Finance Department. He men-tioned the chief chemist of the Health Department who gets only \$2,200 a year.

I pay a burn dyer \$2,500 in my business.

But there was too much knocking, he After all this is a great said it would be a mighty good invest-it for the Board of Estimate to hire Hamilton or somebody just as good t \$100,000 a year to act as press agent for the roor, old, much abused but roverthe good city of New York-New York. stends more than the next sixteen in this country in size and gets its vs worth. Too long had she been it if derided, and while there was at evil that needs to be corrected. he good is far in excess of the bad. [Great

ohn W. Brannan, president of the board of trustees of Bellevue Hospital; Dr. Friedrich Muller of the University of Berlin, Commissioner Robert W. Hebberd of the Department of Charities: Dr. J. D. Bryant, president-elect of the American Medical Association and President of the Medical Association and President of the Medical Association and President of the Medical Society of the State of New York also made addresses. They spoke largely on Bellevue and its past and future and largely in reminiscent ways.

Dr. G. B. Hope, president of the Alumni Society.

NARROW SQUEAKS IN THE FOG. TALKED OF CALLING TAFT Baltie Runs Down a Barge-Four Ferry-

There were four ferryboat collisions yesterday while the dense fog overhung the bay and rivers and many narrow escapes for vessels coming up and going down the bay. Several of the big liners were compelled to lie outside and steamboats coming through the Sound and due here early in the morning did not get to their piers until nearly dark.

The big White Star steamship Baltic, which left her pier at 5 o'clock in the morning, ran into a coal barge near the Statue of Liberty and the barge went down. The Baltic proceeded to sea. Among her passengers was J. P. Morgan. Although the Baltic passed Quarantine at 6:50 A. M. she did not pass out at the Hook until 4:29 P. M.

The Ward Line steamship Havana while on her way up the bay came near running into the State: Island ferryboat Bronx. Soon afterward she narrowly missed the Georgian Prince of the Prince Line, which was on her way out. When she had just missed hitting Governors Island she called a couple of tugs and got them to take her to her dock.

The liners Vaderland and Nieuw Amsterdam both reported themselves by wireless outside of Sandy Hook.

The ferryboats Flushing and Hempstead

The ferryboats Flushing and Hempstead of the Long Island Railroad came together on the Long Island City side of the East River and both boats, which were in the service between East Thirty-fourth street and Long Island City, were so badly damaged that they were withdrawn.

The Flushing had not left her slip in Long Island City and passengers and teams were still coming on board when the Hempstead, which was going to her slip, ran into her. The Hempstead's overhang was somewhat lower than the Flushing's and went under it jamming into her hull, while the deck of the Hempstead was torn up by the overhang of the Flushing. was torn up by the overhang of the Flushing. About ten feet of the railing on the men's side of the Hempsteat was torn away. the heavy iron posts torn out and the gates

For a while there was much excitement on both the boats. The Flushing after much difficulty succeeded in freeing herself,

backed out and got into her slip.

The Baltimore of the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Goshen of the Éric collided
in the North River. The Goshen had left
the foot of Chambers street for Jersey
City and the Baltimore was on her way to Jersey City from Desbroases street. They came together in midstream bows on The impact was not great, but the Gosben lost a part of her mil on the men's side and the cabin was stove in. The Baltimore's bow was damaged. The collision more's bow was damaged. The collision occurred about noon. Soon after that another Pennsylvania boat, the Washington, running from Jersey City to Cortlandt street, was run into by a D., L. & W. tug. One of the deck hands of the tug. Patrick Coppinger, fell overboard. He was rescued. The ferryboat was not badly damaged. Last night the fog on the river was thicker than ever. The Lackawanna and Pennsylvania ferries were operated on a new schedule for the night. Until the theatre crowd had been disposed of and until mid-

schedule for the night. Until the theatre crowd had been disposed of and until midnight an extra boat was run from Cortlandt street on the Pennsylvania and from Barclay street on the Lackawanna. The ferryboat Scranton of the Lackawanna road on her 11:14 trip from Hoboken met the Princeton of the Pennsylvania service. The boats were both at reduced speed and both had their whistles going, but they bumped side to side as they passed. It was all over so quickly that, there wasn't even time for quickly that there wasn't even time for the passengers to get scared. The Scranton took twenty-four minutes to make the trip.

MUST SUE IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Defendants in Eddy Case Will Ignore Service of New Hampshire Papers.

BOSTON, March 13 .- Ex-Senator Chandler, senior counsel for the petitioners in the Eddy suit, left here to-day for Washington. He declined to discuss the situation, but Frederick W. Peabody, another of the lawyers, said Mrs. Eddy will be made a eature of the hearing by one side or the other

It is probable that the petitioners will have to start suits against Farlow, Johnson, Armstrong, Knapp and Chace in this State, as they are not obliged to answer to the New Hampshire court.

Samuel J. Elder, counsel for the Boston defendants, said this afternoon: "The other side has been sounding the timbrel most industriously for the past fourteen days, and what has been accomplished?

"They have served papers on some of the rustees of the Christian Science Church in this city. I believe, and what does it amount to? It is manifestly obvious that New Hampshire papers should not be served in this State. My clients will take no notice of the service.

The petitioners' counsel have a letter from John S. Kent of Concord, w Mrs. Eddy last October by request of Calvin
A. Frye, in which he says:
"My impression as the result of my meeting

with Mrs. Eddy in October is that she has aged greatly since I saw her two years ago. She seems to be more like a woman of 100 than a woman of 80.

Lawyer Peabody was asked to-day if there was an agreement between counsel by virtue of which the postponed the taking of depositions. He said: "I understand it has been put off out of courtesy to Gen. Streeter, who is very busy with other cases at this time. As a matter of fact, counsel on both sides have

a matter of fact, counsel on both sides have matters pending which they would like to attend to right away."

CONCORD. N. H., March 13.—Another plaintiff in the Eddy suit is expected in the person of Dr. Ezekiel Morrill of this city. Dr. Morrill is a third cousin of Mrs. Eddy It is understood that former Senator William E. Chandler, senior counsel for the plaintiffs, is trying to get him to ion in the suit. join in the suit.

Just how many more the plaintiffs' attorneys desire to get into the suit is not known, but it is believed that they are anxious to secure a plaintiff who is a relative Mrs. Eddy and a resident of Concord.

of Mrs. Eddy and a resident of Concord.
Dr. Morrill said to-day:
"It is asserted that the suit is brought
in the interest of Mrs. Eddy. If there was
anything that I could do for Mrs. Eddy I
would certainly do it. I know that Mrs.
Eddy is capable of managing her own
affairs if she is not restrained.
"I don't know anything about Mr. Frye.
I have never been denied admittance at

I don't know anything about Mr. Frye. I have never been denied admittance at Pleasant View. Before I went abroad two years also my wife and I used to call on Mrs. Eddy, but since my return I have scarcely found time to go out to Pleasant View. Mrs. Eddy is not a woman who is sealing. View. Mrs. Eddy is not a woman who is seeking out her relatives. Our relations have always been friendly."

Subway Accident Victim Dies.

Miss Margaret Lea of Southport, Conn. the young woman who fell off the subway platform at Ninety-sixth street on Tuesday morning, died in the J. Hood Wright Hospital last night of a fracture at the base of the skull. Her three sisters and a brother from Southport were at her bedside.

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patrons always specify it. I Let him tell you about it, or better still have him show you our specimen book giving examples of lithographing, printing, engraving and embossing on the 14 different colors of OLD HAMPSHIRE BOND.

TO TESTIFY BEFORE SENATORS ABOUT BROWNSVILLE.

More Testimony Against the People of the Shot Up Town-Capt. Edgar Says They Are Not Lawabiding and He Wouldn't Allow His Wife to Associate With Them.

WASHINGTON, March 13.- The Senate Committee on Military Affairs, which is investigating the Brownsville raid, had a lively discussion in executive session to-day over the question of calling Secretary Taft before the committee. The question was brought up by Senator Foraker, who declared that Secretary Taft had sent samples of cartridges and shells to the Ordnance Department for expert examination and explanation as to whether they had been fired in certain types of guns, what sort of guns it would be possible to fire them in, and other information relative to their use. It was intimated that he was doing this

for the purpose of sustaining the President's contention that the bullets found imbedded in houses in Brownsville had been discharged from Springfield rifles, the kind used by the soldiers at that fort, and that the cartridges and clips alleged to have been picked up in the streets the morning after the raid were used in Spring-

Senator Foraker from time to time has sought to bring out in the investigation testimony to show that the cartridges used in the army can be fired from Mauser rifles. Other members of the committee got the idea that Mr. Foraker resented the alleged interference of Secretary Taft in the matter and Senator Overman, a Democrat, charged. and was supported by several other members of the committee, that what Mr. Foraker said was an attempt to inject the race question by making it appear that the Secretary of War was adopting measures to maintain the President's position that the negro soldiers did the shoot-

Senator Foraker disclaimed any such intention and declared that his sole aim and purpose were to get at the facts in the case. It was not decided to call the Secretary of War, but it was agreed that Senator Foraker should be permitted to bring before the committee such information as he was able to get regarding the examination of cartridges and shells by officers of the ordnance department

Lieut. Edwin P. Thompson, Twentysixth Infantry, was the first witness called to-day. He was left in charge of property at Fort Brown when the Twenty-sixth infantry was ordered away pending the arrival of the Twenty-fifth companies. He thought it was possible, although improbable, that citizens might have procured

probable, that citizens might have procured cartridges and clips from the piles of rubbish which accumulated about the garrison during the moving process.

He knew that the soldiers sometimes did leave their clothing behind, and said that some of the discarded uniforms might have been taken away by Mexicans. He had heard of the threats against the colored troops by the people of Brownsville when they learned that the white soldiers were to be replaced by colored men. Brownsville policemen wore uniforms similar to the khaki uniforms of the sold iers.

Sergt. Rowland Osborn, post quartermaster, was recalled and said that in checking up property to turn over to the Twenty-lifth Infantry many shells, cartridges and bandoliers in which cartridges are carried were found lying around loose. He estimated also that the white soldiers left about ten discarded uniforms.

en discarded uniforms. Capt. Edgar, assistant surgeon at Fort Capt. Edgar, assistant surgeon at Fort Brown for two years, testified that he prac-tises in the town and there was general con-demnation of the sending of colored troops to Fort Brown. Dr. Combes, the Mayor of the town, who was formerly a Major in the volunteer service, had told him that he had had some experience with colored troops, that he had returned to this country from Manila with a part of the Twenty-lifth and that personally he had no objection to them, but the people of the town would not stand

Capt. Edgar, despite the fact that he enjoyed a good practice in the town, gave the population generally appring the population generally anything but praise, and volunteered several state-ments to which Senator Warner took exception. Capt. Edgar did not think there were 1,000 Americans out of the entire 8,000 population. He mentioned the names of a number he would not believe, among them being several who had made statements regarding the shooting.

Generally the people were not law abiding, he said, although Dr. Combes as Mayor had accomplished some reforms. There was frequent shooting at night and the policemen frequently attacked and beat the soldiers when they found them slightly in-toxicated. He told of many instances where he had been summoned to treat soldiers who had been "beaten up" by the One soldier was shot in the thigh by a policeman.

Capt. Edgar took leave of absence while stationed at Fort Brown, and got married, "but," he added hastily, without being interrogated upon the subject, "I would not allow my wife to associate with the

people down there Capt Edgar said he came from Pennsylvania and preferred colored soldiers to white soldiers because their discipline was

THE FAMINE IN CHINA.

Distress and Sickness Increasing -Can' Procure Mortality Statistics.

WASHINGTON, March 13.-Dr. Louis Klopsch, publisher of the Christian Herald, has transmitted to the State Department the following despatch, which he has received from the editor of the North China Daily News at Shanghai:

"Distress and sickness increasing. Scatered condition of populace renders mortality statistics unprocurable. Everything now centred on hurrying forward relief. Demand for additional distributers very hard to meet

Dr. Klopsch has offered to furnish a cargo of food for an army transport if it is possible to procure one. The War Department has taken up the matter, and has found that without authority of Congress transports may not be utilized for such a purpose. A resolution granting the necessary permission was introduced at the recent session, but action was not taken

Ambassador Bryce Entertains the Diplomatic Corps.

WASHINGTON, March 13. The British Ambassador and Mrs. James Bryce received the members of the Diplomatic Corps and their families this afternoon in the embassy in conformity to the rule of etiquette which requires newly arrived members of the diplomatic body to make the acquaintance of the other members in that manner. The of the other members in that manner. The embassy was not decorated with the usual array of flowers and palms, but the table in the large dining room had a centrepiece of gay spring flowers. Mrs. Bryce had assisting her the wives of the members of the embassy staff, Lady Isabella Howard, Mrs. Ryan and Mrs. H. A. Grant Watson.

New Chief of Bureau of Yards and Bocks WASHINGTON, March 13. - Civil Engineer Richard Carmichael Holliday, U. S. N. will succeed H. H. Rosseau as chief of the bureau of yards and docks of the Navy Department when Rosseau becomes a member of the Isthmian Canal Commission.

Mr. Holliday since January, 1903, has been in charge of the work under the bureau of docks and yards in the Brooklyn navy yard. His transfer to Washington takes him to the highest position in his corps. yard. His transfer to Washington takes him to the highest position in his corps. He was born in Pennsylvania and was appointed to the navy from Maryland. As chief of the bureau he will have the rank and pay of a Rear Admiral. THE PACIFIC FLEET.

ielay and considerable secrecy the Navy Department to-day made public the programme for the reorganization of the warships in the Pacific, providing principally for the consolidation of the three organizations-the Philippine squadron, the Pacific squadron and the Asiatic fleet-into one fleet. The new plan will go into effect about the end of this month. Rear Admiral

rganization, to be known as the Pacific Brownson, now in command of the Asiatic fleet, will be the first commander in chief of the Pacific fleet. Ever since it became known that changes were contemplated in the Pacific there have been reports that it was all caused by the Japanese situation. In making an announcement to-day the Department said:

"The Navy Department wishes it understood that this consolidation of command is in pursuance of a well defined policy which was carefully outlined in the last report of the chief of the Bureau of Navigation in October last, and that no particular considerations of the present time have contributed in any way to the proposed organization. The groups of ships will remain in the general location where they are now and will perform the same duties they are doing now. They may, however, under the order, meet for general drills and exercises anywhere on the station and the effort will be made, so far as the duties of the ships will permit, to repair all the larger ships in the navy yards of the Pacific Coast."

The Department in its statement also stood that this consolidation of command

vania; Second Division—Chattanooga, Galveston and two others of the same class. Second Squadron, Third Division—Charleston, Milwaukee, St. Louis and Chicago (Chicago to be replaced by New York); Fourth Division, Albany, New Orleans, Cincinnati and Raleigh.

Third Squadron, Fifth Division—Rainbow, Concord, Helena and Wilmington; Sixth Division—El Cano, Callao, Quiros, Villalobos, Paragua, Pampanga, Panay and Arayat (or available similar gunbeats).

Coast Defence—Monterey and Monadneck (such submarines as may be available).

First Torpedo Flotilla—Bainbridge, Berry,

First Torpedo Flotilla—Bainbridge, Berry, Dale, Decatur and Chauncey. Fourth Torpedo Flotilla—Paul Jones and

MORE PAY FOR POSTAL CLERKS. 20,000 Clerks and 24,000 Carriers to Be

WASHINGTON, March 13.-Nearly 20,000 postal clerks and more than 24,000 city letter carriers will be promoted on July 1, in accordance with the terms of the Hitchcock classification law, which will become effective at the beginning of the new fiscal year. There are approximately 25,000 clerks and 25,000 carriers in the postal service, and under allotments made to-day by First

Clerks—358 from \$400 to \$600, 833 from \$500 to \$600, 3,824 from \$600 to \$800, 4,026 from \$700 to \$800, 4,980 from \$800 to \$900.

Carriers-1,810 from \$600 to \$800, 8,835 from \$850 to \$900, 1,073 from \$800 to \$1,000, 12,509 from \$1,000 to \$1,100. Total, 24,227. secure promotion under the law. include 3,751 clerks and 4,751 carriers. new law will add \$4,000,000 a year to the Federal payroll

LACK OF RELIGIOUS INTEREST. The President Told There Are Less Protest-

Inspection.

WASHINGTON, March 13. Secretary of the Navy Metcalf, accompanied by Senator Flint of California and Charles C. Glover of this city, left Washington this evening for Charleston, S. C., where they will board the United States steamer Dolphin for a cruise of inspection to Porto Rico and Cuba The Dolphin sailed from Washington for Charleston yesterday with Senator Hale of Maine, Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania Senator Carter of Montana and L. A. Clark

Movements of Naval Vessels

St. Louis has arrived at Hampton Roads, the tug Eagle at Guantanamo, the gun-

Standish at Norfolk.

The battleship New Jersey has sailed from Hampton Roads for her final trial, the cruisers Charleston and Boston and the destroyers Preble and Paul Jones from San Diego for Magdalena Bay, the gunboat Helena from Shanghai for Cavite and the despatch boat Dolphin from Washington for Charleston.

ago.

Wasminoton, March 13. These army orders Major Charles M. Truitt, Twenty third Infantry Major Charles M. Truitt, Twenty-third Infantry, to fill vacancy in Addition General's Department. Major Truitt will proceed to Havana, vice Capt. William C. Hann, Artillery Corps.

Capt. Jesse C. Nicholis, Ordnance Department, from Springheid, Maas, to Havana, relieving Capt. William H. Tachappat, Ordnance Department, who will proceed to Dover, N. J. Dental Surgeon William H. Chambers, from Philippines Division to San Francisco.

Jental Surgeon Hugh C. Voornies, from Philippines Division to the United States.

The Two Squadrons and the Asiatic Fleet to Be Under One Command. WASHINGTON, March 13 .- After a long

The Department in its statement also took occasion to say that it did not intend to send any more battleships to the Pacific. The prospective organization of the fleet follows:

First Squadron, First Division-West Virginia, Colorado, Maryland and Pennsyl-vania; Second Division-Chattanooga, Gal-

Promoted on July 1.

Assistant Postmaster-General Hitchcock the great majority of them will get better pay after July 1.

By the new law six grades of compensation are provided for clerks and carriers, running from \$600 to a maximum of \$1,200.

The latter faure will not be raid at this The latter figure will not be paid at this time, inasmuch as the law provides that an increase in excess of \$100 shall not be made in any instance in a given year. This rule is waived for the present in the case of certain classes of clerks and carriers incident to the estimate of the new classification. The number of employees who will be

benefited under the reclassification law was summarized by First Assistant Hitchcock to-day as follows:

3,473 from \$900 to \$1,000, 2,381 from \$1,000 to \$1,100. Total, 18,800.

ant Churches Here Than Six Years Ago. WASHINGTON, March 13. - President Roosevelt promised to-day to do everything in his power to bring about a revival of religious interest in New York. He was visited by a delegation representing the Federation of Churches, consisting of Dr. Anson B. Atterbury, Dr. Walter Laidlaw and the Rev. Dr. Ponald Sage Mackay. The President was informed that in Manhattan, despite the great increase in population, there are three less Protestant churches than there were six years ago, but that the Catholic churches have in-

creased to the number of six and the Jewish synagogues to the number of thirteen.

Mr. Roosevelt's visitors expressed the opinion that what they declare is a marked decline in religious interest in New York is a serious menace to American citizenship, and the President agreed with their. He added that he should be glad to do anything possible to assist in a revival of

Secretary Metcaif Going on a Cruise of

private secretary to Mr. Metcalf. party will be absent three weeks.

WASHINGTON, March 13 .- The cruiser boat Princeton at Acapulco and the tug

Fifty More Postal Clerks for This City WASHINGTON, March 13.-Fifty additional clerks will be put to work in the New York Post Office on March 16, in accordance with an order issued to-day by First Assistant Postmaster-General Hitchcock. This is in addition to the twenty-five clerks allowed the New York office a week or so

Army and Navy Orders.

A. Buchanan, from the Tennessee to the ew Jersey.
Lieut. A. W. Hinds, from Navy
Lieut. A. W. Hinds, from Navy
Lieut. A. W. Hinds, from the Vorktown to the
Ensign R. A. Dawes, from the Verktown to the

ermont. Ensign S. M. Robinson, to the Vermont. Assistant Surgeon F. W. Smith, to Naval Hospital, New York. Midshipmen C. W. Crosse, E. W. Walker and C.Met, Mccull, from the Hancock to the Virginia for temporary duty thence to the Ohio.

The Latest Millinery of Paris Is Now Displayed at WANAMAKER'S THESE exhibition days comprise one of the most important Fashion

Occasions of the season. The most artistic products of all the foremost Millinery designers of Paris compose the distinguished assemblage. The foreign collections are supplemented by an equally artistic gathering of fine hats from our own workrooms.

The exhibition is comprehensive of every new thought in Millinery beauty correct this season.

> Millinery Salons, Third floor, Stewart Building. JOHN WANAMAKER

We invite inspection, at your convenience.

BRONX FENCE UNEARTHED.

Police Say They Found Much Loot of Beckert's in Homes of the Heitmanns

Two men who are believed to have received from Ernst Beckert, also known as Emil Becker, now in the Tombs, the bulk of the thousands of dollars' worth of goods stolen by Beckert in the Bronx, were arrested last night at their homes by Capt. Price of the Bronx Detective Bureau. They are Henry Heitmann of 530 East 115th street and his cap Stephen of 538 East 155th street. and his son, Stephen, of 553 East 155th street. Beckert says they're the men and they were arrested on his tip.

The elder Heitmann ostensibly makes cigars at his home. His son is down as shipping clerk. In their houses the officers found articles identified as the loot of lifteen different robberies. Beckert in his conession said that he robbed thirty or forty places in the last year and a half, and the Heitmanns would be found to have "bought most of his loot. Among the stuff in Henry Heitmann's house there turned up articles worth \$500, missed by a family named Johnson of 1930 Wendover avenue. Beckert in Henry Heitmann's home, Beckert told the police, they would find a number of secret cabinets built into the walls, one of which would be behind a fine plate glass mirror over the fireplace. The officers found things just as he had said.

The cabinets were crammed with small loot. Heitmann explained their presence by saying that the house was built by an old wood carver after his own ideas and that closets were just as he found them when he took possession. The house is very plain externally but the police found it gorgeous with cut glass and hangings within. Stephan's house was also stylishly togged. Three oil paintings that were reported missing by a Bronx family were found or his walls the police say. found on his walls, the police say.

Despite Beckert's confession, the Heitmanns vow that they don't know him.

Father and son were locked up in the Morris

ania police station charged with receiving stolen goods FAST TRAIN'S NARROW ESCAPE. Wreckers Put Rail on Track and Upset

Engine Near a High Bridge. BURLINGTON, Ia., March 13. - Burlington mail train No. 15, which left Chicago about 10 o'clock last night and was due here at 1:20 this morning, narrowly escaped the plot of train wreckers at Sandwich, Ill. a short distance out of Chicago.

The train was running sixty miles an our. When nearing the high bridge over the Plano River Engineer Kelly discovered a rail lying across the track. A quick stop was made, but not before the engine had been thrown from the track.

Fireman C. E. Carr jumped and was slightly injured. No one else was hurt.

The train was delayed about two hours.

It is stated that the train carried about \$180,000 in bullion, and it is thought the plan of the wreckers was to dump the train into the river and rob the debris. It was stopped fifty feet from the river. Grover Ceveland Urges Mederation. NASHVILLE, March 13. Former Presi-

the insurance Investigating Committee of the Tennessee Assembly a brief in which he calls attention to recent insurance disclosures and says: "Those who make our laws should be free from all vindictive feeling and mis-leading prejudices and duly guarded against a dangerous disregard of safe and conservative business rules." CHIEF AND FIREMEN OVERCOME.

Escaping Illuminating Gas Knocks Them Out in a Boarding House Blaze.

Battalion Chief Edward Root and Firemen Jerome Seigle, James Coleman and Michael Ruff were overcome by gas while fighting a fire in the basement of a large boarding house at 114 and 116 West Seventy-ninth street last night. The house is run by Mrs. Nora Rice. She has a large number of regular boarders and many others come in for

their meals. The servant rushed up the basement stairs crying "Fire!" and fainted when she reached the first floor, where about forty boarders were dining. There was a rush for the street. The firemen made straight for the basement Battation Chief Root led the men. The fire in some way had caused the connection between the service pipe and the gas main to come apart. By the time the firemen reached the basement it was

filled with gas. Root and the three firemen were dragged out and the three firemen were dragged out and attended in the street by Police Surgeon Archer. He had the firemen in good shape in a short time, but it was with great difficulty that he managed to revive great difficulty that he managed to revive Battalion Chief Root. He was in a bad way and did not respond to the treatment un Dr. Archer administered strychnine. the firemen, however, refused to be taken

FAIR FORESTERS AT LAW.

Inique Circle Wants the Supreme Chief Companion to Let It Back -- She Won't.

The troubles of Unique Circle, No. 144, Companions of the Forest, a women's auxiliary of the Foresters of America, which got into a police court in January, got up to the Supreme Court yesterday and were rehearsed before Justice Newburger by lawyers of the factions. Neumann Frank, representing the Unique Circle, argued for a peremptory writ of mandamus to compel the Supreme Chief Companion of the order, known in plain life as Mrs. Annie E. Poth, to restore to good standing in the order the Unique Circle. which has been in existence fifteen years.

Leo Rosenthal, representing the Supreme Chief Companion, who is a dark eyed, pretty little woman of a dignity in inverse ratio to her inches, declared that his client had properly suspended the circle, which has a membership of 210, for turbulency and conunbecoming ladies and Companions of orest. The Justice reserved decision. the Forest. Whichever way the decision goes there will

an appeal. The turbulent conduct referred to by Lawyer Rosenthal occurred at several meetings of the Unique (ircle in Harlem. The most riotous, according to the lawyer, was on January 22 when a lawyer representing one of the companions at a trial of another companion for infraction of rules was punched in the eye by a companion who objected to his manner of urging the case of dent Grover Cleveland has submitted to his client. Another companion had one of her teeth knocked out by an umbrella whirled by one of several other excited

Companions.
The Supreme Chief Companion rules over 70,000 members in the United States. She herself belongs to Martha Washin on Circle No. The rebellious circus says, will have the right of appeal to the Supreme Session, which meets next year in Atlantic City. Meanwhile, the Unique Circle keeps up its organization and its members say will form a rival association

NURSE DEAD, DOCTOR ARRESTED. Dr. Gny B. Stearns of This City Taken of

if necessary

Complaint From Boston. Dr. Guy B. Stearns of 119 West Eightysecond street, recently a visiting physician to the Flower Hospital, was arrested at his home last night by Detective Sergts. Carey and McCafferty, changed with manslaughter in performing a criminal operation upon Susan Green, a nurse, who died in the Boston Homoropathic Hospital on Tuesday night. Dr. Stearns's arrest was made upon her ante mortem statement to Inspector Armstrong of the Boston police, which the police said she gave most reluctantly, asserting that she came from Boston here to consult Dr. Stearns because he was an old friend. She asserted, the police say, that Dr. Stearns had not profited by the operation, and had

done it only upon her urgent pleas. While the police say that Dr. Stearns admitted giving her advice when she came here on February 17, he did not admit performing the operation. Dr. Stearns said he advised the woman not to go to Boston on March 6, the day she was taken ill on the way and was admitted to the vouldn't heed him. . He knew her as Mrs. Graham.

as Mrs. Graham.

"I first met Susan Green fifteen years ago, when we were both employed at a Cape Cod hotel," the doctor said. "Later she entered the Boston City Hospital training school for nurses and I came to New York and studied medicine for a year at the College of Physicians and Surgeons Later I attended the Homosopathic Medical College, from which I was graduated. College, from which I was graduated. I saw the young woman about three years ago when I went to Boston to read a paper before a medical society there. I hadn't ago when I went to Boston to read a paper before a medical society there. I hadn't seen her since until she came here and asked me to give her treatment last month."

As the operation was performed in New York the charges against Dr. Stearns will be prosecuted here. Dr. Stearns is 34 years old. He was at one time connected with the Metropolitan Hospital on Blackwell's Island.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Judge Greenhaum of the Supreme Court has appointed thanel J. Wyeth, Jr., receiver for the assets of George Schaeffer & Co., manufacturers of toliet and menicure articles at 286 Second avenue, in a soft brought by George Scheeffer against George Smith for a dissolution of the partnership.

NO TIRED **BRAINS** Grape = Nuts

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To pr ve it, try for 10 days.

"THERE'S A REASON."